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## Principles of Distributed Computing Exercise 8

## 1 Concurrent Ivy

Consider the tree for the Ivy shared variable protocol in Figure 1. There are three concurrent requests placed by the nodes  $v_1, v_2$  and  $v_3$ . The token is initially held by the the circled node labeled r. We assume a synchronous execution.

- a) Give the order of serviced requests.
- b) Draw the tree after the last request has been served.

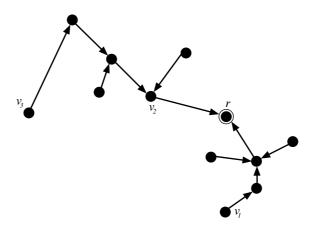


Figure 1: Tree for Question 1.

## 2 Tight Ivy

In Theorem 7.12 it was shown that, on average, acquiring a lock requires at most  $\log n$  steps, where n is the number of processors.

Show that this bound on the number of steps is tight by constructing a tree consisting of n nodes in which each request requires  $\log n$  steps if all requests are performed sequentially by suitable nodes in the tree.<sup>1</sup>

 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$ Hints: Assume that n is a power of 2. Construct a tree whose topology remains the same with respect to the token holder after each request.